

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 16-790V

Filed: March 17, 2017

UNPUBLISHED

KATIE TAMBOURIS,

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Petitioner,

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v.

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SECRETARY OF HEALTH

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AND HUMAN SERVICES,

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Respondent.

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Ronald Craig Homer, Conway, Homer & Chin-Caplan, P.C., for petitioner.

Douglas Ross, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES¹

Dorsey, Chief Special Master:

On July 1, 2016, petitioner filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,² (the “Vaccine Act”). Petitioner alleges that she suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (“SIRVA”) as a result of her October 1, 2014 influenza (“flu”) vaccination. Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On November 3, 2016, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding petitioner entitled to compensation for SIRVA. On March 17, 2017, respondent filed a proffer on award of compensation (“Proffer”) indicating that petitioner should be awarded compensation of \$95,000.00 representing pain and suffering, \$2,866.00 representing future expenses, and \$55.76 representing past expenses. Proffer at 1. In the Proffer,

¹ Because this unpublished decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, the undersigned intends to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, the undersigned agrees that the identified material fits within this definition, the undersigned will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all “§” references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

respondent represented that petitioner agrees with the proffered award. Based on the record as a whole, the undersigned finds that petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, **the undersigned awards petitioner a lump sum payment of \$97,921.76 which represents compensation for pain and suffering (\$95,000.00), future expenses (\$2,866.00), and past expenses (\$55.76), in the form of a check payable to petitioner, Katie Tambouris.** This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under § 300aa-15(a).

The clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey
Nora Beth Dorsey
Chief Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

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**SECRETARY OF HEALTH
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No. 16-790V (ECF)
CHIEF SPECIAL MASTER
NORA BETH DORSEY

RESPONDENT’S PROFFER ON AWARD OF COMPENSATION

In her November 4, 2016 decision, the Chief Special Master found that a preponderance of the medical evidence indicates that petitioner suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (“SIRVA”), which was causally related to the flu vaccination she received on October 1, 2014. The parties have now addressed the amount of compensation to be awarded in this case.

I. Compensation

Based upon the evidence of record, respondent proffers that a lump sum of \$97,921.76 should be awarded petitioner. This amount is comprised of: a) \$95,000.00 for pain and suffering; b) \$2,866.00 in future expenses; and c) \$55.76 for past expenses. This lump sum amount represents all elements of compensation to which petitioner would be entitled under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a).¹ Petitioner agrees.

¹ Should petitioner die prior to entry of judgment, respondent would oppose any award for future medical expenses, future lost earnings, and future pain and suffering, and the parties reserve the right to move the Court for appropriate relief.

II. Form of the Award

The parties recommend that the compensation provided should be made in the form of a check for \$97,921.76, payable to petitioner.

Respectfully submitted,

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DATE: March 17, 2017